

RADIOSITY

radiosity •
(energy per unit time per unit area)

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RADIOSITY

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{outgoing} \\ \text{power} \\ \text{of elem } i \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \text{power} \\ \text{emitted} \\ \text{by elem } i \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \text{power} \\ \text{reflected} \\ \text{by elem } i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{outgoing} \\ \text{power} \\ \text{of elem } i \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \text{power} \\ \text{emitted} \\ \text{by elem } i \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \text{reflectance} \\ \text{of elem } i \end{pmatrix} \times \sum_{\text{elem } j} \begin{pmatrix} \text{fraction of power} \\ \text{leaving elem } j \text{ that} \\ \text{arrives at elem } i \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} \text{outgoing} \\ \text{power} \\ \text{of elem } j \end{pmatrix}$$

Let

A_i = area of element i (computable)

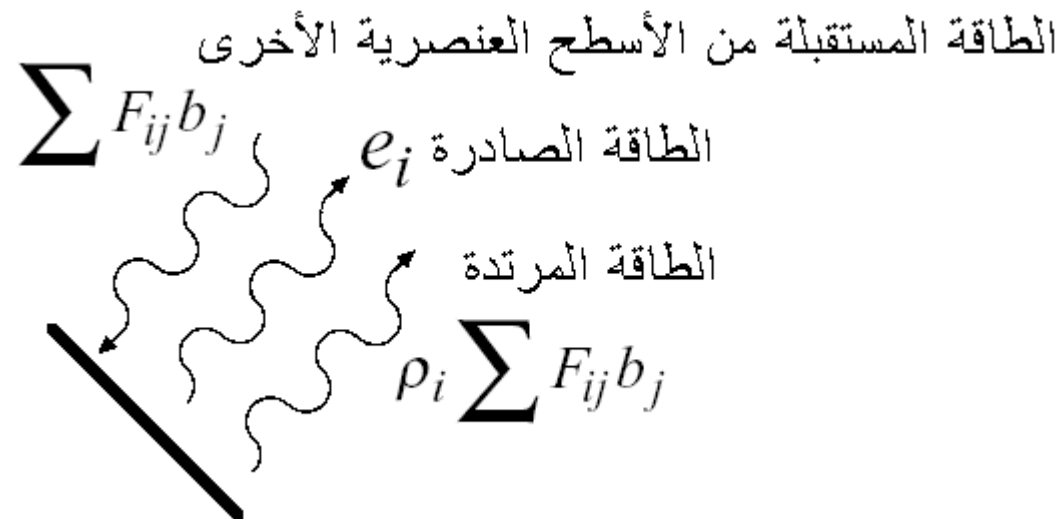
e_i = radiant emitted flux density of element i (given)

ρ_i = reflectance of element i (given)

b_i = radiosity of element i (unknown)

F_{ij} = form factor from i to j = fraction of power leaving i that arrives at j

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_i b_i &= A_i e_i + \rho_i \sum_{j=1}^n F_{ji} A_j b_j && : \\
 b_i &= e_i + \rho_i \sum_{j=1}^n F_{ji} \frac{A_j}{A_i} b_j && : A_i \\
 b_i &= e_i + \rho_i \sum_{j=1}^n F_{ij} b_j && : F_{ji}(A_j / A_i) = F_{ij} :
 \end{aligned}$$



FORM FACTOR

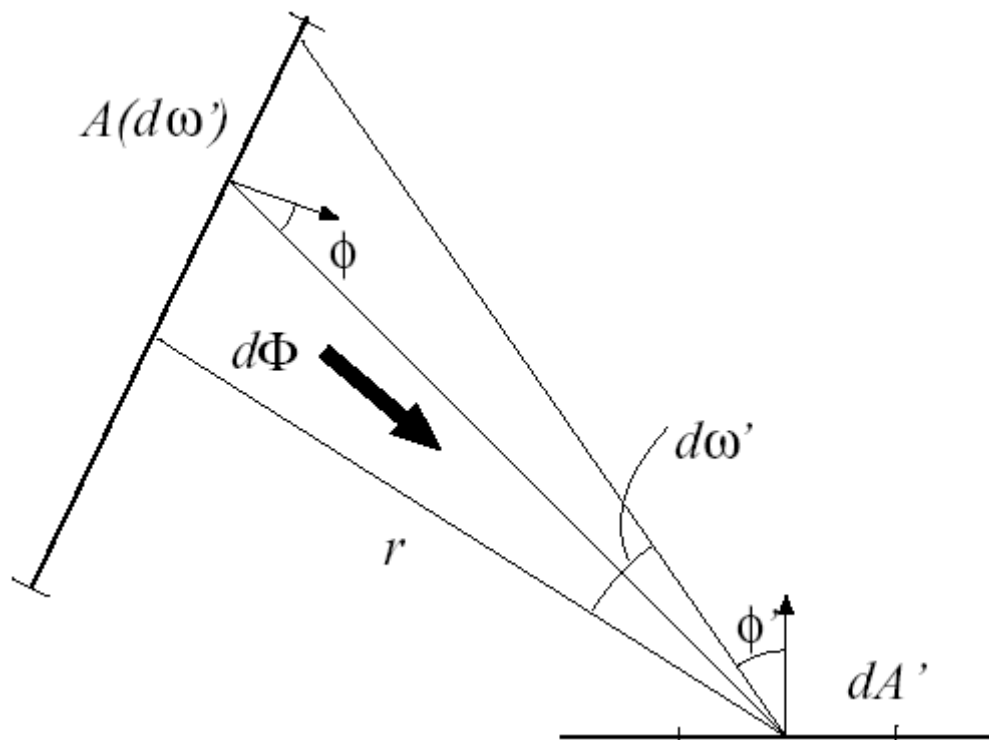
$$\frac{dA}{d\omega} \quad A \quad dA \quad \cdot \quad B \cdot dA$$

$$\phi \quad d\Phi = I \cdot dA \cdot \cos \phi \cdot d\omega$$

:

$$B = \frac{1}{dA} \int \frac{d\Phi}{d\omega} \cdot d\omega = \int I \cdot \cos \phi \cdot d\omega = I \int_{\theta=0}^{2\pi} \int_{\phi=0}^{\pi/2} \cos \phi \cdot \sin \phi \cdot d\theta d\phi = I \cdot \pi$$

$$d\omega = \sin \phi \cdot d\theta d\phi$$



:

$$d\Phi = I \cdot \frac{dA \cdot \cos \phi \cdot dA' \cdot \cos \phi'}{r^2}$$

$$\begin{matrix} & \Delta A_i & \Delta A_j \\ & \vdots & \end{matrix}$$

$$\Delta\Phi_{ji} = \int_{\Delta A_i} \int_{\Delta A_j} B_j \cdot H_{ij} \cdot \frac{dA_i \cdot \cos \phi_i \cdot dA_j \cdot \cos \phi_j}{\pi \cdot r^2}$$

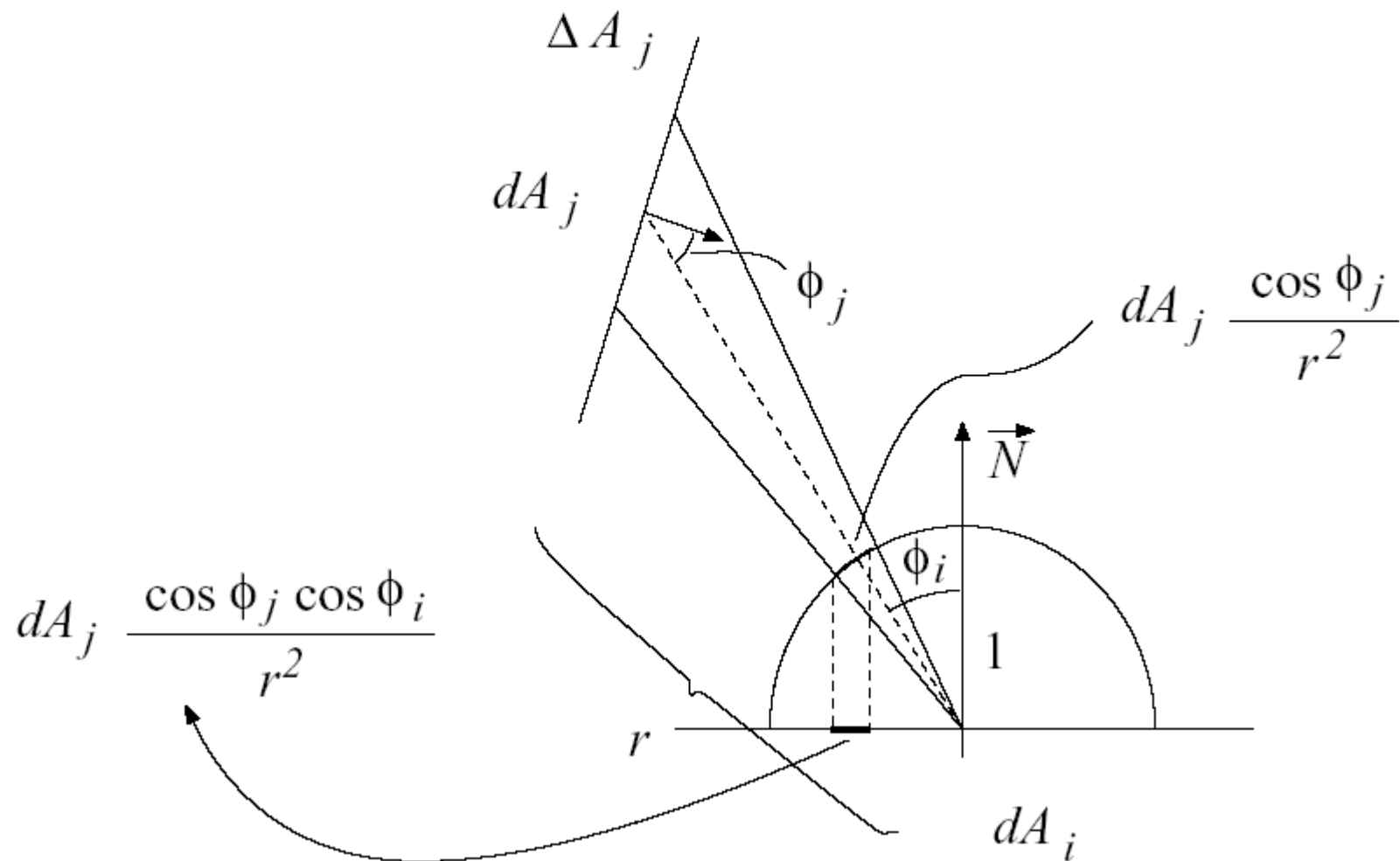
$$j \qquad F_{ji} \text{ form factor} \qquad (B_j \cdot \Delta A_j)$$

$$F_{ji} = \frac{1}{\Delta A_j} \cdot \int_{\Delta A_i} \int_{\Delta A_j} H_{ij} \cdot \frac{dA_i \cdot \cos \phi_i \cdot dA_j \cdot \cos \phi_j}{\pi \cdot r^2}$$

$$B_i = E_i + \rho_i \cdot \sum_j B_j \cdot F_{ij}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} (1 - \rho_1 F_{11}) & -\rho_1 F_{12} & \cdots & -\rho_1 F_{1N} \\ -\rho_2 F_{21} & (1 - \rho_2 F_{22}) & \cdots & -\rho_2 F_{2N} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ -\rho_N F_{N1} & -\rho_N F_{N2} & \cdots & (1 - \rho_N F_{NN}) \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} B_1 \\ B_2 \\ \vdots \\ B_N \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} E_1 \\ E_2 \\ \vdots \\ E_N \end{bmatrix}$$

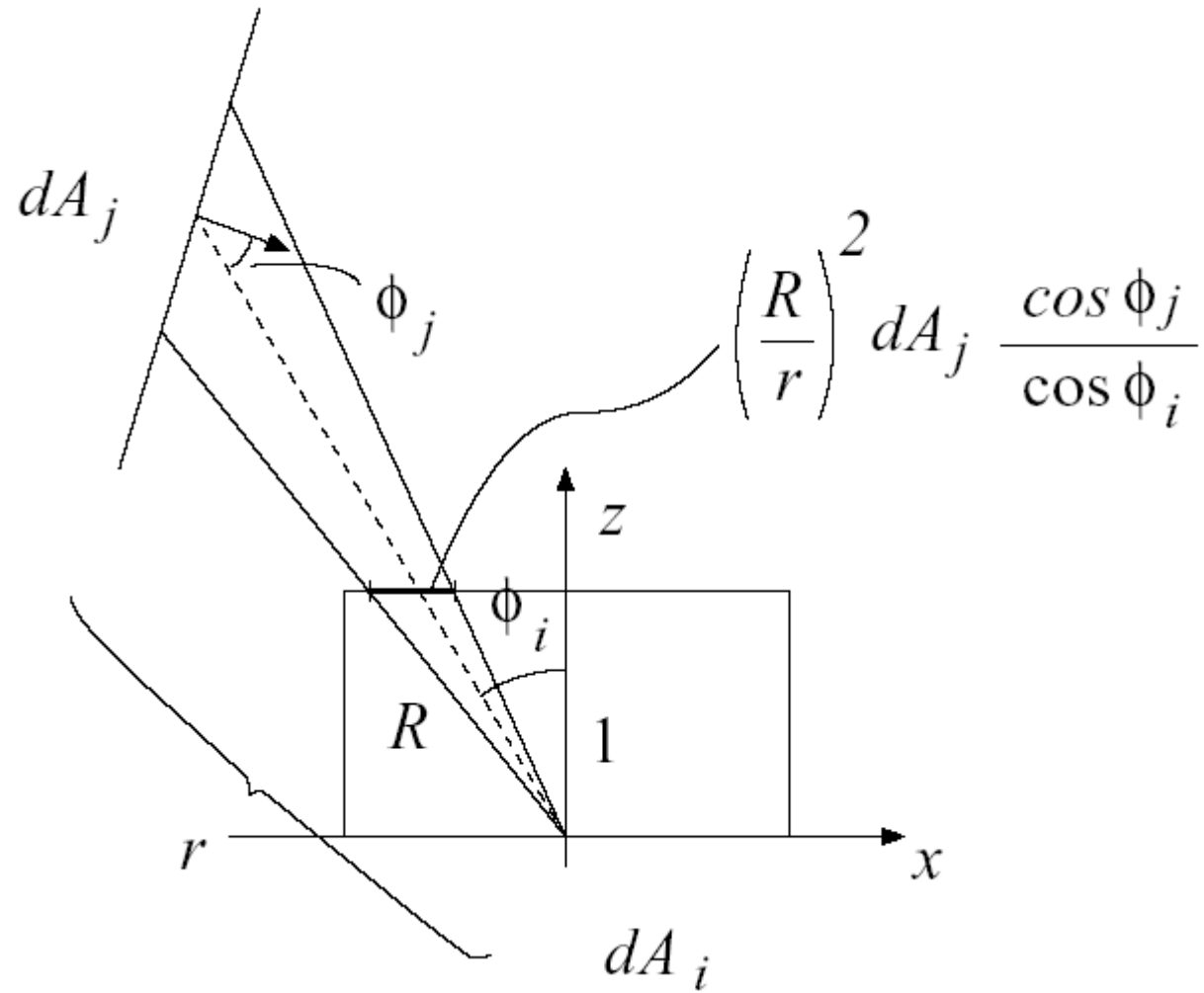
HEMISPHERE ANALOGUE



$$d_i F_{ij} = \int_{\Delta A_j} H_{ij} \cdot \frac{\cos \phi_i \cdot \cos \phi_j}{\pi \cdot r^2} \cdot dA_j$$

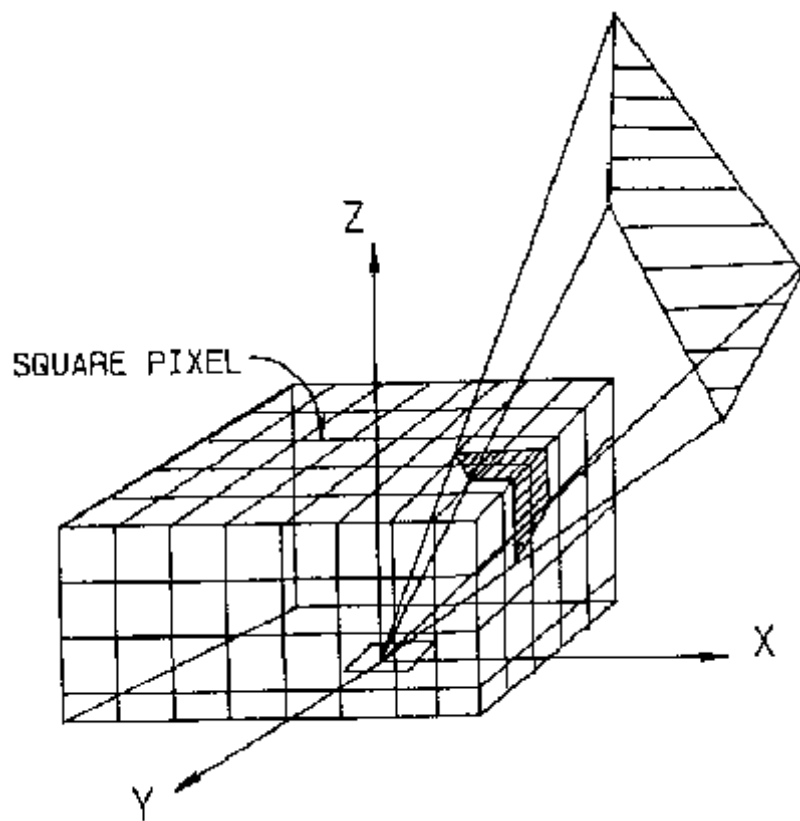
$$F_{ij} = \frac{1}{\Delta A_i} \int_{\Delta A_i} d_i F_{ij} \cdot dA_i \approx d_i F_{ij} = \int_{\Delta A_j} H_{ij} \cdot \frac{\cos \phi_i \cdot \cos \phi_j}{\pi \cdot r^2} \cdot dA_j$$

HEMICUBE ANALOGUE



$$T(dA_j) = H_{ij} \cdot \left(\frac{R}{r}\right)^2 \cdot dA_j \cdot \frac{\cos \phi_j}{\cos \phi_i} = H_{ij} \cdot \frac{dA_j \cdot \cos \phi_i \cdot \cos \phi_j}{\pi \cdot r^2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{\cos^4 \phi_i}$$

$$R = 1 / \cos \phi_i$$



$$\omega_z(x, y) = \frac{\cos^4 \phi_i}{\pi} = \frac{1}{\pi(x^2 + y^2 + 1)^2}$$

$$\omega_y(x, z) = \frac{\cos^4 \phi_i}{\pi} = \frac{z}{\pi(x^2 + z^2 + 1)^2}$$

$$\omega_x(y, z) = \frac{\cos^4 \phi_i}{\pi} = \frac{z}{\pi(y^2 + z^2 + 1)^2}$$

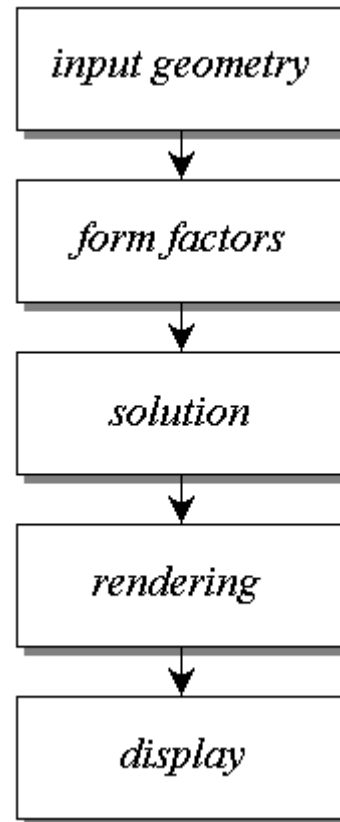
$$d_i F_{ij} = \int_{\Delta A_j} T(dA_j) \cdot \frac{\cos^4 \phi_i}{\pi}$$

$$d_i F_{ij}^{top} = \int_{T(\Delta A_j)} H_{ij}(x,y) \cdot \frac{1}{\pi(x^2+y^2+1)^2} \cdot dx dy \approx$$

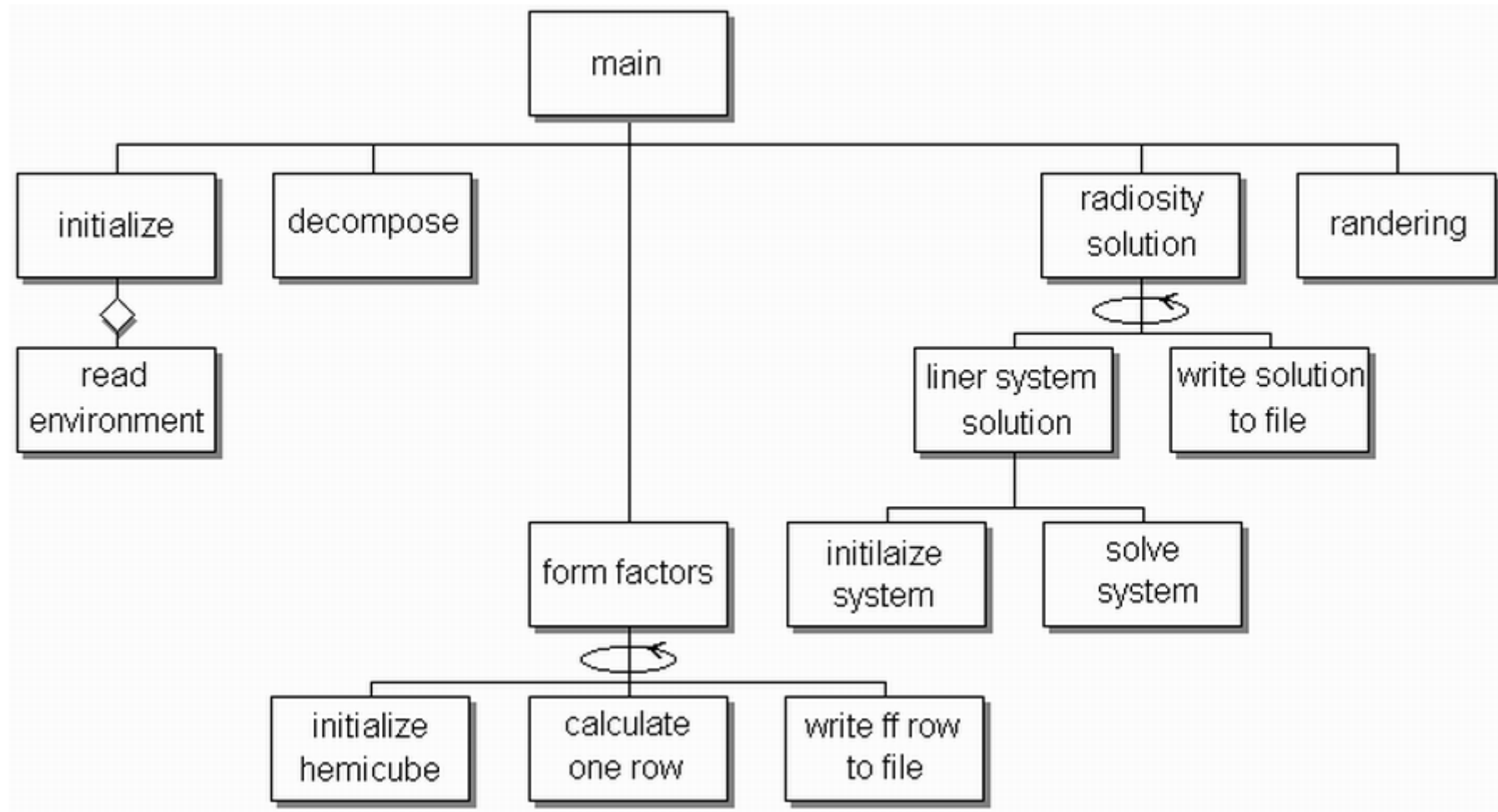
$$\sum_{x=-P/2}^{P/2-1} \sum_{y=-P/2}^{P/2-1} H_{ij}(X,Y) \cdot \omega_z(X,Y) \cdot \frac{1}{P^2}$$

PROGRAM SUMMARY

PROGRAM FLOW



STRUCTURE CHART



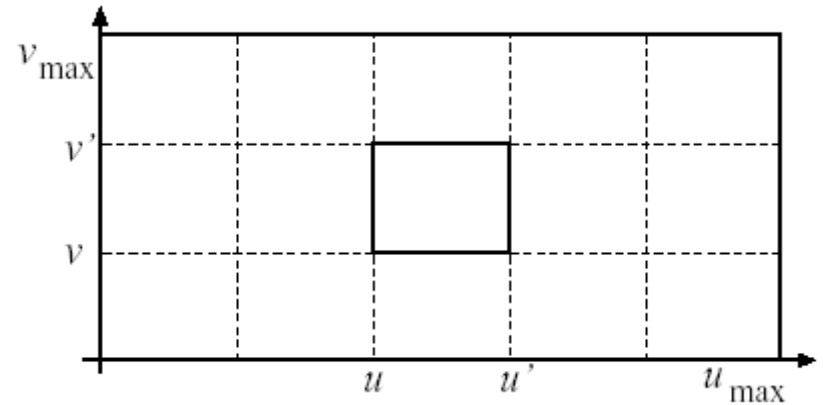
MAIN ALGORITHMS:

1. Environment decomposition: Given $0 \leq u \leq u_{\max}$ and $0 \leq v \leq v_{\max}$:

DecomposeQuad (n, m)

```
S = {}
u[ i ] = 0 ;
for i = 1 to n do
    u[ i + 1 ] = uMax * I / n ;
    v[ j ] = 0 ;
    for j = 1 to m do
        v[ j + 1 ] = vMax * j / m ;
        add the quadrilateral { ( u[ i ], v[ j ] ),
                                ( u[ i + 1 ], v[ j ] ),
                                ( u[ i + 1 ], v[ j + 1 ] ),
                                ( u[ i ], v[ j + 1 ] ) } to S ;

        v[ j ] = v[ j + 1 ] ;
    endfor
    u[ i ] = u[ i + 1 ] ;
endfor
return S ;
end
```



2. Form factor calculation:

```
for i = 1 to patchCount do
  for j = 1 to N do F[ i ][ j ] = 0;
for i = 1 to N do
  place hemicube on patch i ;
  project environment onto hemicube ;
  for k = 0 to pixelCount do
    if ( pixel[ k ] > 0) then
      F[ i ][ pixel[ k ] ] += deltaFormFactor [ k ] ;
    endifor
  endfor
endfor
```

3. Radiosity solution:

```
while ( not converged ) do
    limit = smallest floating point value ;
    for i = 1 to patchCount do
        previous = radiosity [ i ] ;
        radiosity[ i ] = emission[ i ] ;
        for j = 1 to patchCount do
            radiosity[ i ] +=coefficient[ i ][ j ] * radiosity[ j ] ;
            limit =
                max((radiosity[i] - previous)/radiosity[i]), limit ) ;
        endfor
    if ( limit < epsilon )
        solution converged ;
    endwhile
```